

## LESSON 6-2 Substitution

### Key Concept Solving by Substitution

- Step 1** When necessary, solve at least one equation for one variable.
- Step 2** Substitute the resulting expression from Step 1 into the other equation to replace the variable. Then solve the equation.
- Step 3** Substitute the value from Step 2 into either equation, and solve for the other variable. Write the solution as an ordered pair.

**EXAMPLE 1**

**Solve a System by Substitution**

Use substitution to solve the system of equations.

$$y = -4x + 12$$

$$2x + y = 2$$

Substitute  $-4x + 12$  for  $y$  in the second equation.

$$2x + y = 2$$

Second equation

$$2x + (-4x + 12) = 2$$

$$y = -4x + 12$$

$$2x - 4x + 12 = 2$$

Simplify.

$$-2x + 12 = 2$$

Combine like terms.

$$-2x = -10$$

Subtract 12 from each side.

$$x = 5$$

Divide each side by  $-2$ .

**EXAMPLE 1** Solve a System by Substitution

Substitute 5 for  $x$  in either equation to find  $y$ .

$$y = -4x + 12$$

First equation

$$y = -4(5) + 12$$

Substitute 5 for  $x$ .

$$y = -8$$

Simplify.

**Answer:** The solution is  $(5, -8)$ .

## EXAMPLE 1



## Check Your Progress

Use substitution to solve the system of equations.

$$y = 2x$$

$$3x + 4y = 11$$

A.  $\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

B.  $(1, 2)$

C.  $(2, 1)$

D.  $(0, 0)$

## EXAMPLE 1



## Check Your Progress

Use substitution to solve the system of equations.

$$y = 2x$$

$$3x + 4y = 11$$

- A.  $\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
- B.**  $(1, 2)$
- C.  $(2, 1)$
- D.  $(0, 0)$

**EXAMPLE 2** Solve and then Substitute

Use substitution to solve the system of equations.

$$x - 2y = -3$$

$$3x + 5y = 24$$

**Step 1** Solve the first equation for  $x$  since the coefficient is 1.

$$x - 2y = -3$$

First equation

$$x - 2y + 2y = -3 + 2y$$

Add  $2y$  to each side.

$$x = -3 + 2y$$

Simplify.

**EXAMPLE 2** Solve and then Substitute

**Step 2** Substitute  $-3 + 2y$  for  $x$  in the second equation to find the value of  $y$ .

$$3x + 5y = 24$$

Second equation

$$3(-3 + 2y) + 5y = 24$$

Substitute  $-3 + 2y$  for  $x$ .

$$-9 + 6y + 5y = 24$$

Distributive Property

$$-9 + 11y = 24$$

Combine like terms.

$$-9 + 11y + 9 = 24 + 9$$

Add 9 to each side.

$$11y = 33$$

Simplify.

$$y = 3$$

Divide each side by 11.

**EXAMPLE 2** Solve and then Substitute

**Step 3** Find the value of  $x$ .

$$x - 2y = -3$$

First equation

$$x - 2(3) = -3$$

Substitute 3 for  $y$ .

$$x - 6 = -3$$

Simplify.

$$x = 3$$

Add 6 to each side.



**EXAMPLE 2** Solve and then Substitute

**Step 3** Find the value of  $x$ .

$$x - 2y = -3$$

First equation

$$x - 2(3) = -3$$

Substitute 3 for  $y$ .

$$x - 6 = -3$$

Simplify.

$$x = 3$$

Add 6 to each side.

## Check Your Understanding

 = Step-by-Step Solutions begin on page R13.



**Examples 1–3** Use substitution to solve each system of equations.

$$y = -3x + 6$$

1.  $y = x + 5$

$3x + y = 25$  **(5, 10)**

2.  $x = y - 2$

$4x + y = 2$  **(0, 2)**

3.  $3x + y = 6$

$4x + 2y = 8$  **(2, 0)**

4.  $2x + 3y = 4$

$4x + 6y = 9$  **no solution**

5.  $x - y = 1$

$3x = 3y + 3$  **infinitely many**  $-3y = -6x + 18$  **infinitely many**

6.  $2x - y = 6$

### Example 4

7. **GEOMETRY** The sum of the measures of angles X and Y is  $180^\circ$ . The measure of angle X is  $24^\circ$  greater than the measure of angle Y.

a. Define the variables, and write equations for this situation.  $x = m\angle X, y = m\angle Y;$

b. Find the measure of each angle.  $x = 102^\circ, y = 78^\circ$

$$x + y = 180, x = 24 + y$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} y = x + 5 \\ 3x + y = 25 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 5 + 5 \\ y &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + (x + 5) &= 25 \\ 3x + x + 5 &= 25 \\ 4x + 5 &= 25 \\ 4x &= 20 \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

**Examples 1–3** Use substitution to solve each system of equations.

8.  $y = 5x + 1$

$4x + y = 10$  **(1, 6)**

11.  $y = 3x - 2$

$y = 2x - 5$  **(-3, -11)**

14.  $y = -3x + 4$

$-6x - 2y = -8$

**infinitely many**

17.  $y = -4x + 11$

$3x + y = 9$  **(2, 3)**

20.  $5x - y = 5$

$-x + 3y = 13$  **(2, 5)**

9.  $y = 4x + 5$

$2x + y = 17$  **(2, 13)**

12.  $2x + y = 3$

$4x + 4y = 8$  **(1, 1)**

15.  $-1 = 2x - y$

$8x - 4y = -4$

**infinitely many**

18.  $y = -3x + 1$

$2x + y = 1$  **(0, 1)**

21.  $2x + y = 4$

$-2x + y = -4$  **(2, 0)**

10.  $y = 3x - 34$

$y = 2x - 5$  **(29, 53)**

13.  $3x + 4y = -3$

$x + 2y = -1$  **(-1, 0)**

16.  $x = y - 1$

$-x + y = -1$  **no solution**

19.  $3x + y = -5$

$6x + 2y = 10$  **no solution**

22.  $-5x + 4y = 20$

$10x - 8y = -40$  **infinitely many**

