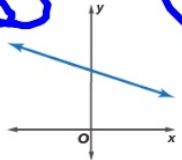
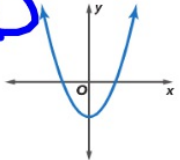
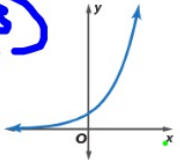


9-6

Analyzing Functions with Successive Differences

Concept Summary Linear and Nonlinear Functions		
Linear Function	Quadratic Function	Exponential Function
$y = mx + b$	$y = ax^2 + bx + c$	$y = ab^x$, when $b > 0$
		

① Ex. $y = 3x + 4$

x	0	1	2	3
y	4	7	10	13

+3 +3 +3
adds the same amount

③ $y = 2^x$
multiplies by the same amount

x	0	1	2	3
y	1	2	4	8

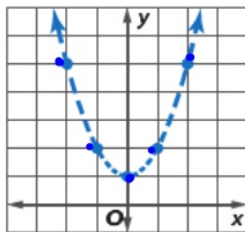
x2 x2 x2 amount

Example 1 Choose a Model Using Graphs

Graph each set of ordered pairs. Determine whether the ordered pairs represent a *linear function*, a *quadratic function*, or an *exponential function*.

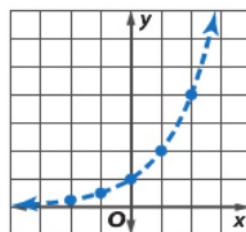
a. $\{(-2, 5), (-1, 2), (0, 1), (1, 2), (2, 5)\}$

The ordered pairs appear to represent a quadratic function.



b. $\{(-2, \frac{1}{4}), (-1, \frac{1}{2}), (0, 1), (1, 2), (2, 4)\}$

The ordered pairs appear to represent an exponential function.



② $y = x^2$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	0	1	4	9	16

+1 +3 +5 +7
+2 +2 +2

2nd diff. are equal

Example 1

Graph each set of ordered pairs. Determine whether the ordered pairs represent a linear function, a quadratic function, or an exponential function. **1–4. See margin.**

1. $(-2, 8), (-1, 5), (0, 2), (1, -1)$

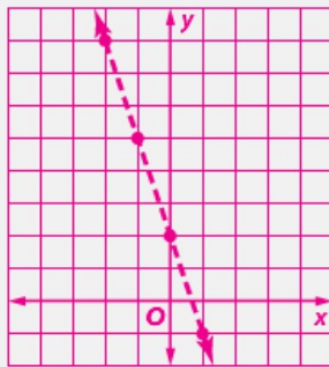
2. $(-3, 7), (-2, 3), (-1, 1), (0, 1), (1, 3)$

3. $(-3, 8), (-2, 4), (-1, 2), (0, 1), (1, 0.5)$

4. $(0, 2), (1, 2.5), (2, 3), (3, 3.5)$

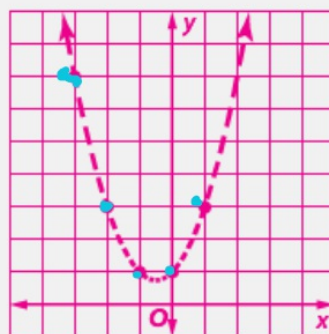
Additional Answers

1.

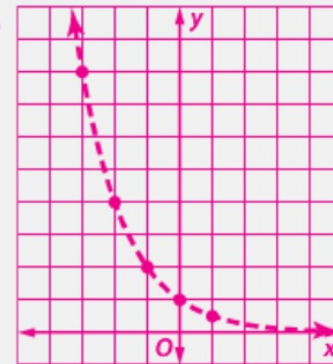


linear

2.

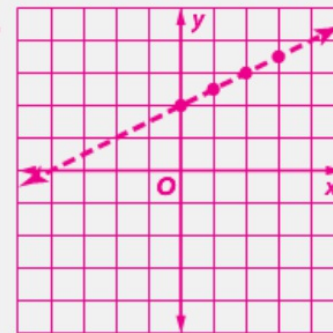


3.



exponential

4.



linear

Example 2 Choose a Model Using Differences or Ratios

Look for a pattern in each table of values to determine which kind of model best describes the data.

a.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-8	-3	2	7	12

First differences: $\begin{array}{cccccc} & -8 & -3 & 2 & 7 & 12 \\ & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \\ & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & \end{array}$

Since the first differences are all equal, the table of values represents a linear function.

b.

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	8	4	2	1	0.5

First differences: $\begin{array}{cccccc} & 8 & 4 & 2 & 1 & 0.5 \\ & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \\ & -4 & -2 & -1 & -0.5 & \end{array}$

The first differences are not all equal. So, the table of values does not represent a linear function. Find the second differences and compare.

First differences: $\begin{array}{cccccc} & -4 & -2 & -1 & -0.5 \\ & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \\ & 2 & 1 & 0.5 & & \end{array}$

The second differences are not all equal. So, the table of values does not represent a quadratic function. Find the ratios of the y -values and compare.

Ratios: $\begin{array}{cccccc} & 8 & 4 & 2 & 1 & 0.5 \\ & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \swarrow & \\ & \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2} & \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{0.5}{1} = \frac{1}{2} & \end{array}$

The ratios of successive y -values are equal. Therefore, the table of values can be modeled by an exponential function.

Example 2

Look for a pattern in each table of values to determine which kind of model best describes the data.

5.

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	5	8	17	32	53

quadratic

6.

x	-3	-2	-1	0
y	-6.75	-7.5	-8.25	-9

linear

7.

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	3	6	12	24	48

exponential

8.

x	3	4	5	6	7
y	-1.5	0	2.5	6	10.5

quadratic

5

+3 +9 +15 +21
+6 +6 +6

2nd diff
div

7

+2 +2 +2 +2

6

-.75 -.75 -.75...

8

+1.5 +2.5 +3.5 +4.5
+1 +1 +1

2nd diff
div



Example 3 Write an Equation

Determine which kind of model best describes the data. Then write an equation for the function that models the data.

x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0
y	32	18	8	2	0

Step 1 Determine which model fits the data.



First differences:

Second differences:

Since the second differences are equal, a quadratic function models the data.

Step 2 Write an equation for the function that models the data.

The equation has the form $y = ax^2$. Find the value of a by choosing one of the ordered pairs from the table of values. Let's use $(-1, 2)$.

$$y = ax^2 \quad \text{Equation for quadratic function}$$

$$2 = a(-1)^2 \quad x = -1 \text{ and } y = 2$$

$$2 = a \quad \text{An equation that models the data is } y = 2x^2.$$

Guided Practice linear; $y = -4x + 3$

3A.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	11	7	3	-1	-5

exponential; $y = 3(2)^x$

3B.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1
y	0.375	0.75	1.5	3	6

Example 3

Determine which kind of model best describes the data. Then write an equation for the function that models the data.



9.

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	1	3	9	27	81

exponential; $y = 3 \cdot 3^x$

11.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1
y	1	1.5	2	2.5	3

linear;
 $y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$

+0.5 +0.5

$m = \frac{1}{2}$

$b = 2.5$

$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2.5$

(11)

(10)

choose $(-1, 5)$

$y = a \cdot x^2$
 $5 = a(-1)^2$
 $5 = a \cdot 1 = 5 \cdot 1$

+25 +20 +15

10.

x	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1
y	125	80	45	20	5

quadratic; $y = 5x^2$

12.

x	-1	0	1	2
y	-1.25	-1	-0.75	-0.5

linear;
 $y = \frac{1}{4}x - 1$

+0.25 +0.25 +0.25

linear
 $y = mx + b$

slope

y-int

$(x=0)$

quadratic

$y = a \cdot x^2$



the function that models the data:

9.

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	1	3	9	27	81

exponential; $y = 3 \cdot 3^x$

choose

⑨ "multiply by 3"

$$b = 3$$

Exponential

$$y = a \cdot b^x$$

$$9 = a(3)^1$$

$$9 = 3a$$

$$a = 3$$

Real-World Example 4 Write an Equation for a Real-World Situation



BOOK CLUB The table shows the number of book club members for four consecutive years. Determine which model best represents the data. Then write a function that models the data.

Understand We need to find a model for the data, and then write a function.

Time (years)	0	1	2	3	4
Members	5	10	20	40	80

Plan Find a pattern using successive differences or ratios. Then use the general form of the equation to write a function.

Solve The constant ratio is 2. This is the value of the base. An exponential function of the form $y = ab^x$ models the data.

$$y = ab^x \quad \text{Equation for exponential function}$$

$$5 = a(2)^0 \quad x = 0, y = 5, \text{ and } b = 2$$

$$5 = a \quad \text{The equation that models the data is } y = 5 \cdot 2^x.$$

Check You used (0, 5) to write the function. Verify that every other ordered pair satisfies the equation.

Example 4

- 13. PLANTS** The table shows the height of a plant for four consecutive weeks. Determine which kind of function best models the height. Then write a function that models the data. **linear; $y = 0.5x + 3$**

Week	0	1	2	3	4
Height (In.)	3	3.5	4	4.5	5

Example 1 Graph each set of ordered pairs. Determine whether the ordered pairs represent a *linear function*, a *quadratic function*, or an *exponential function*.

14–19. See Ch. 9 Answer Appendix.

14. $(-1, 1), (0, -2), (1, -3), (2, -2), (3, 1)$

15. $(1, 2.75), (2, 2.5), (3, 2.25), (4, 2)$

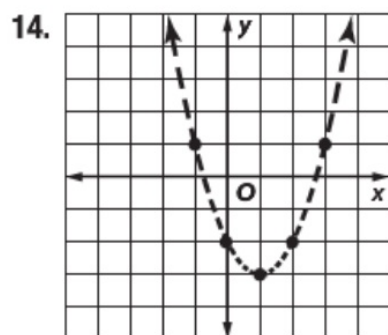
16. $(-3, 0.25), (-2, 0.5), (-1, 1), (0, 2)$

17. $(-3, -11), (-2, -5), (-1, -3), (0, -5)$

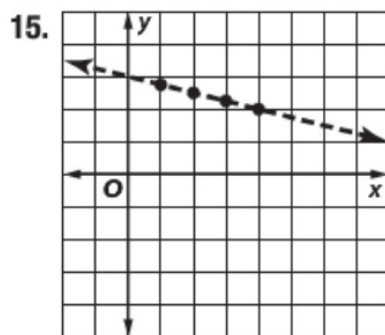
18. $(-2, 6), (-1, 1), (0, -4), (1, -9)$

19. $(-1, 8), (0, 2), (1, 0.5), (2, 0.125)$

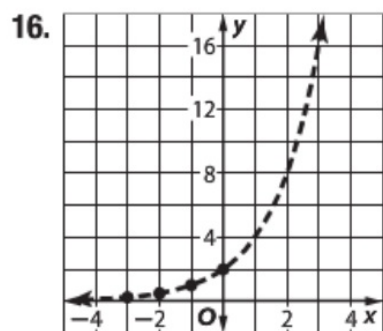
Lesson 9-6



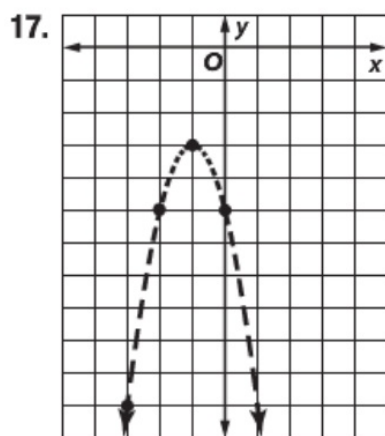
quadratic



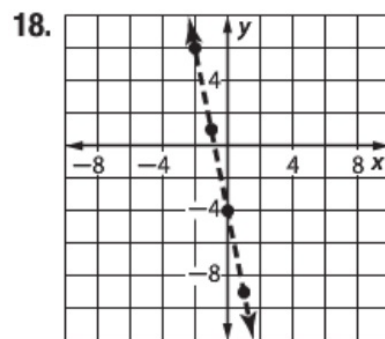
linear



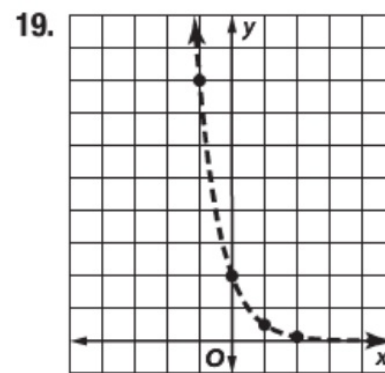
exponential



quadratic



linear



exponential

Examples 2–3 Look for a pattern in each table of values to determine which kind of model best describes the data. Then write an equation for the function that models the data.

20.

x	-3	-2	-1	0
y	-8.8	-8.6	-8.4	-8.2

linear; $y = 0.2x - 8.2$

22.

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	0.75	3	12	48	192

exponential; $y = 3 \cdot 4^x$

24.

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	0	4.2	16.8	37.8	67.2

quadratic; $y = 4.2x^2$

21.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	10	2.5	0	2.5	10

quadratic; $y = 2.5x^2$

23.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	0.008	0.04	0.2	1	5

exponential; $y = 0.2 \cdot 5^x$

25.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1
y	14.75	9.75	4.75	-0.25	-5.25

linear; $y = -5x - 0.25$



Example 4

26. **WEB SITES** A company tracked the number of visitors to its Web site over 4 days. Determine which kind of model best represents the number of visitors to the Web site with respect to time. Then write a function that models the data. **quadratic; $y = 0.9x^2$**

Day	0	1	2	3	4
Visitors (in thousands)	0	0.9	3.6	8.1	14.4

20.

x	-3	-2	-1	0
y	-8.8	-8.6	-8.4	-8.2

linear: $y = 0.2x - 8.2$

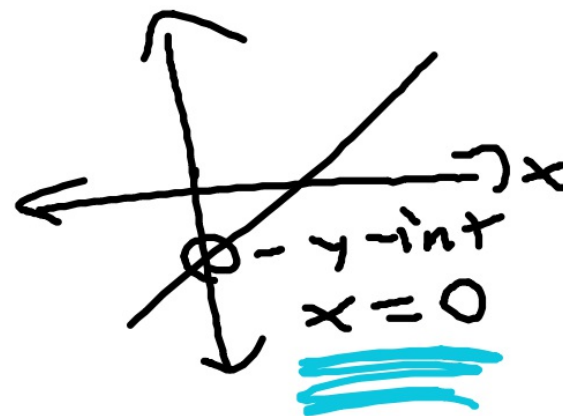
$+0.2 \quad +0.2 \quad +0.2 \quad +0.2$

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{.2}{1} = .2$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$-8.2 = .2(0) + b$$

$$-8.2 = b$$



$$2^0 = 1$$

$$3^0 = 1$$

$$\text{😊}^0 = 1$$

21

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	10	2.5	0	2.5	10

quadratic; $y = 2.5x^2$

$$-7.5 - 2.5 + 2.5 + 7.5$$

$$y = a \cdot x^2 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10 = a \cdot 2^2 \\ 10 = \frac{4}{1} a \end{array} \right.$$

$$0 = a \cdot 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$2 \frac{1}{2} = a$$

$$y = 2.5x^2$$

22.

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	0.75	3	12	48	192

exponential; $y = 3 \cdot 4^x$

$$y = a \cdot b^x$$

$$y = a \cdot 4^x$$

$$3 = a \cdot 4^0$$

$$3 = a$$

"multiply by 4..."

$$y = a \cdot b^x$$

$$b = 4$$

$$12 = a \cdot 4^1$$

$$12 = \frac{4a}{4}$$

$$3 = a$$

$$y = 3 \cdot 4^x$$

