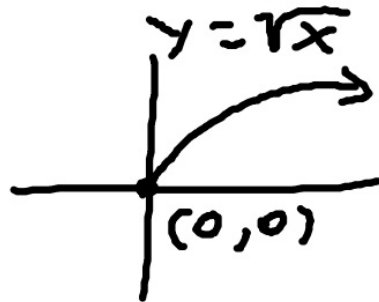


Graph each function. Compare to the parent graph. State the domain and range. (Lesson 10-1)

1.  $y = 2\sqrt{x}$  **1-6. See Ch. 10 Answer Appendix.**
2.  $y = -4\sqrt{x}$
3.  $y = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}$
4.  $y = \sqrt{x} - 3$
5.  $y = \sqrt{x-1}$
6.  $y = 2\sqrt{x-2}$

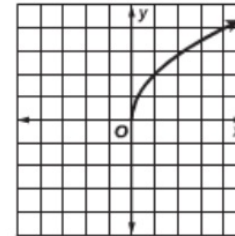


14. **MULTIPLE CHOICE** Which expression is equivalent to

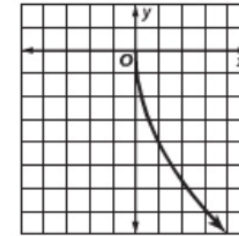
$$\sqrt{\frac{16}{32}}? \text{ (Lesson 10-2) } \mathbf{G}$$

- F  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 G  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$   
 H 2  
 J 4

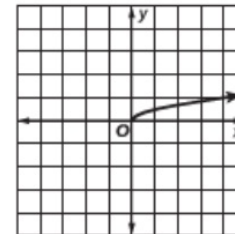
1. stretched vertically;  
 $D = \{x \mid x \geq 0\}$ ,  
 $R = \{y \mid y \geq 0\}$



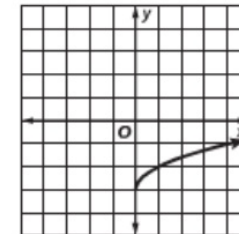
2. vertical stretch of  $y = \sqrt{x}$   
 and reflection across the  
 $x$ -axis  $D = \{x \mid x \geq 0\}$ ,  
 $R = \{y \mid y \leq 0\}$



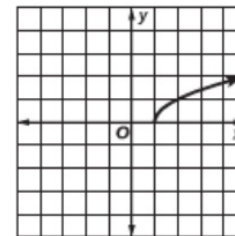
3. compressed vertically;  
 $D = \{x \mid x \geq 0\}$ ,  
 $R = \{y \mid y \geq 0\}$



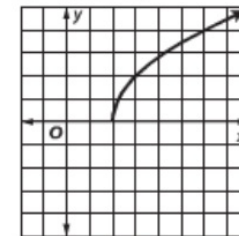
4. translation down 3 units;  
 $D = \{x \mid x \geq 0\}$ ,  
 $R = \{y \mid y \geq -3\}$



5. translation right 1 unit;  
 $D = \{x \mid x \geq 1\}$ ,  
 $R = \{y \mid y \geq 0\}$



6. stretched vertically and  
 translated right 2 units;  
 $D = \{x \mid x \geq 2\}$ ,  
 $R = \{y \mid y \geq 0\}$



6.  $y = 2\sqrt{x-2}$

7. **MULTIPLE CHOICE** The length of the side of a square is given by the function  $s = \sqrt{A}$ , where  $A$  is the area of the square. What is the length of the side of a square that has an area of 121 square inches? (Lesson 10-1) **C**

- A** 121 inches                      **C** 11 inches  
**B** 44 inches                        **D** 10 inches

Simplify each expression. (Lesson 10-2)

8.  $2\sqrt{25}$  **10**

9.  $\sqrt{12} \cdot \sqrt{8}$   **$4\sqrt{6}$**

10.  $\sqrt{72xy^5z^6}$   **$6y^2|z^3|\sqrt{2xy}$**

11.  $\frac{3}{1+\sqrt{5}}$   **$\frac{-3+3\sqrt{5}}{4}$**

12.  $\frac{1}{5\sqrt{7}}$   **$\frac{5+\sqrt{7}}{18}$**

Simplify each expression. (Lesson 10-3)

15.  $3\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2}$   **$8\sqrt{2}$**

16.  $\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{11}$   **$-2\sqrt{11}$**

17.  $6\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{50}$   **$26\sqrt{2}$**

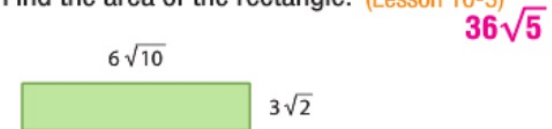
18.  $\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{48}$   **$-\sqrt{3}$**

19.  $4\sqrt{3}(2\sqrt{6})$   **$24\sqrt{2}$**

20.  $3\sqrt{20}(2\sqrt{5})$  **60**

21.  $(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7})(\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{3})$   **$10 + \sqrt{15} + 2\sqrt{35} + \sqrt{21}$**

22. **GEOMETRY** Find the area of the rectangle. (Lesson 10-3)



Solve each equation. Check your solution. (Lesson 10-4)

23.  $\sqrt{5x} - 1 = 4$  **5**

24.  $\sqrt{a-2} = 6$  **38**

9.  $\sqrt{12} \cdot \sqrt{8}$   $4\sqrt{6}$

10.  $\sqrt{72xy^5z^6}$   $6y^2|z^3|\sqrt{2xy}$

11.  $\frac{3}{1 + \sqrt{5}}$   $\frac{-3 + 3\sqrt{5}}{4}$

12.  $\frac{1}{5\sqrt{7}}$   $\frac{5 + \sqrt{7}}{18}$

13. **SATELLITES** A satellite is launched into orbit 200 kilometers above Earth. The orbital velocity of a satellite is given by the formula  $v = \sqrt{\frac{Gm_E}{r}}$ .  $v$  is velocity in meters per second,  $G$  is a given constant,  $m_E$  is the mass of Earth, and  $r$  is the radius of the satellite's orbit in meters. (Lesson 10-2)

- a. The radius of Earth is 6,380,000 meters. What is the radius of the satellite's orbit in meters? **6,580,000 m**
- b. The mass of Earth is  $5.97 \times 10^{24}$  kilograms, and the constant  $G$  is  $6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{kg}^2}$  where  $N$  is in Newtons. Use the formula to find the orbital velocity of the satellite in meters per second. **about 7779 m/s**

$6\sqrt{10}$

$3\sqrt{2}$

Solve each equation. Check your solution. (Lesson 10-4)

23.  $\sqrt{5x} - 1 = 4$  **5**

24.  $\sqrt{a - 2} = 6$  **38**

25.  $\sqrt{15 - x} = 4$  **-1**

26.  $\sqrt{3x^2 - 32} = x$  **4**

27.  $\sqrt{2x - 1} = 2x - 7$  **5**

28.  $\sqrt{x + 1} + 2 = 4$  **3**

29. **GEOMETRY** The lateral surface area  $S$  of a cone can be found by using the formula  $S = \pi r \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$ , where  $r$  is the radius of the base and  $h$  is the height of the cone. Find the height of the cone. (Lesson 10-4) **about 12.5 in.**

