

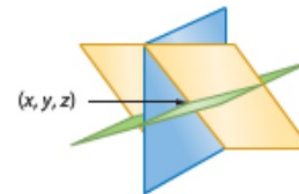
# 3-4 Systems of Equations in Three Variables

**1 Systems in Three Variables** Like systems of equations in two variables, systems in three variables can have one solution, infinite solutions, or no solution. A solution of such a system is an **ordered triple**  $(x, y, z)$ .

The graph of an equation in three variables is a three-dimensional graph in the shape of a plane. The graphs of a system of equations in three variables form a system of planes.

## One Solution

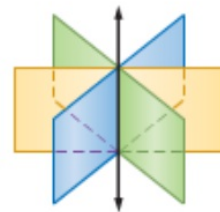
The three individual planes intersect at a specific point.



## Infinitely Many Solutions

The planes intersect in a line.

Every coordinate on the line represents a solution of the system.



The planes intersect in the same plane.

Every equation is equivalent.  
Every coordinate in the plane represents a solution of the system.



**No Solution** There are no points in common with all three planes.



### Example 1 A System with One Solution

Solve the system of equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 2y + 4z &= 35 \\ -4x + y - 5z &= -36 \\ 5x - 3y + 3z &= 31 \end{aligned}$$

The coefficient of 1 in the second equation makes  $y$  a good choice for elimination.

**Step 1** Eliminate one variable by using two pairs of equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - 2y + 4z = 35 \\ -4x + y - 5z = -36 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Multiply by 2.} \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 3x - 2y + 4z = 35 \\ (+) -8x + 2y - 10z = -72 \\ \hline -5x \quad -6z = -37 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Equation 1} \\ \text{Equation 2} \times 2 \end{array}$$
  

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x + y - 5z = -36 \\ 5x - 3y + 3z = 31 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Multiply by 3.} \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -12x + 3y - 15z = -108 \\ (+) 5x - 3y + 3z = 31 \\ \hline -7x \quad -12z = -77 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Equation 2} \times 3 \\ \text{Equation 3} \end{array}$$

The  $y$ -terms in each equation have been eliminated. We now have a system of two equations and two variables,  $x$  and  $z$ .

**Step 2** Solve the system of two equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} -5x - 6z = -37 \\ 10x + 12z = 74 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Multiply by 2.} \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -5x - 6z = -37 \\ 10x + 12z = 74 \\ \hline -10x - 12z = -74 \\ \hline 10x + 12z = 74 \\ \hline -10x - 12z = -74 \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array}$$
  

$$\begin{array}{l} 1. \quad -3a - 4b + 2c = 28 \\ \quad \quad a + 3b - 4c = -31 \\ \quad \quad 2a + 3c = 11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 2. \quad 3y - 5z = -23 \\ \quad \quad 4x + 2y + 3z = 7 \\ \quad \quad -2x - y - z = -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 3. \quad 3x + 6y - 2z = -6 \\ \quad \quad 2x + y + 4z = 19 \\ \quad \quad -5x - 2y + 8z = 62 \end{array}$$

Use substitution to solve for  $z$ .

$$\begin{array}{r} -5x - 6z = -37 \\ -5(-1) - 6z = -37 \\ 5 - 6z = -37 \\ -6z = -42 \\ z = 7 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Equation with two variables} \\ \text{Substitution} \\ \text{Multiply.} \\ \text{Subtract 5 from each side.} \\ \text{Divide each side by } -6. \end{array}$$

The result is  $x = -1$  and  $z = 7$ .

**Step 3** Substitute the two values into one of the original equations to find  $y$ .

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x + y - 5z = -36 \\ -4(-1) + y - 5(7) = -36 \\ 4 + y - 35 = -36 \\ y = -5 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Equation 2} \\ \text{Substitution} \\ \text{Multiply.} \\ \text{Add 31 to each side.} \end{array}$$

**Example 2** No Solution and Infinite Solutions

Solve each system of equations.

a.  $5x + 4y - 5z = -10$   
 $-4x - 10y - 8z = -16$   
 $6x + 15y + 12z = 24$

Eliminate  $x$  in the second two equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x - 10y - 8z = -16 \quad \text{Multiply by 3.} \rightarrow -12x - 30y - 24z = -48 \\ 6x + 15y + 12z = 24 \quad \text{Multiply by 2.} \rightarrow (+) 12x + 30y + 24z = 48 \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

The equation  $0 = 0$  is always true. This indicates that the last two equations represent the same plane. Check to see if this plane intersects the first plane.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 4y - 5z = -10 \quad \text{Multiply by 4.} \rightarrow 20x + 16y - 20z = -40 \\ -4x - 10y - 8z = -16 \quad \text{Multiply by 5.} \rightarrow (+) -20x - 50y - 40z = -80 \\ \hline -34y - 60z = -120 \end{array}$$

The planes intersect in a line. So, there are an infinite number of solutions.

b.  $-6a + 9b - 12c = 21$   
 $-2a + 3b - 4c = 7$   
 $10a - 15b + 20c = -30$

Eliminate  $a$  in the first two equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} -6a + 9b - 12c = 21 \\ -2a + 3b - 4c = 7 \quad \text{Multiply by } -3. \rightarrow (-) 6a - 9b + 12c = -21 \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

The equation  $0 = 0$  is always true. This indicates that the first two equations represent the same plane. Check to see if this plane intersects the last plane.

$$\begin{array}{r} -2a + 3b - 4c = 7 \quad \text{Multiply by 5.} \rightarrow -10a + 15b - 20c = 35 \\ 10a - 15b + 20c = -30 \quad \text{Multiply by 1.} \rightarrow (+) 10a - 15b + 20c = -30 \\ \hline 0 = 5 \end{array}$$

The equation  $0 = 5$  is never true. So, there is no solution of this system.

4.  $-4r - s + 3t = -9$   
 $3r + 2s - t = 3$   
 $r + 3s - 5t = 29$

5.  $3x + 5y - z = 12$   
 $-2x - 3y + 5z = 14$   
 $4x + 7y + 3z = 38$

6.  $2a - 3b + 5c = 58$   
 $-5a + b - 4c = -51$   
 $-6a - 8b + c = 22$

4.  $(-2, 2, -5)$   
 5. infinite solutions  
 6.  $(3, -4, 8)$

1.  $(-2, -3, 5)$   
 2.  $(4, -6, 1)$   
 3.  $(-4, 3, 6)$

1.  $-3a - 4b + 2c = 28$   
 $a + 3b - 4c = -31$   
 $2a + 3c = 11$

2.  $3y - 5z = -23$   
 $4x + 2y + 3z = 7$   
 $-2x - y - z = -3$

3.  $3x + 6y - 2z = -6$   
 $2x + y + 4z = 19$   
 $-5x - 2y + 8z = 62$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3a - 4b + 2c = 28 \\ a + 3b - 4c = -31 \end{array} \Rightarrow \times 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3a - 4b + 2c = 28 \\ 3a + 9b - 12c = -93 \\ \hline 5b - 10c = -65 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} \times 2 \\ 9b \\ -28 \\ \hline 65 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} a + 3b - 4c = -31 \\ 2a + 3c = 11 \end{array} \Rightarrow \times -2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2a - 6b + 8c = 62 \\ 2a + 3c = 11 \\ \hline -6b + 11c = 73 \end{array}$$

**Guided Practice**

**6000 at 10%; 18,000 at 8%; 26,000 at 12%**

- 3.** Ms. Garza invested \$50,000 in three different accounts. She invested three times as much money in an account that paid 8% interest than an account that paid 10% interest. The third account earned 12% interest. If she earned a total of \$5160 in interest in a year, how much did she invest in each account?

**Example 3**

**7. DOWNLOADING** Heather downloaded some television shows. A sitcom uses 0.3 gigabyte of memory; a drama, 0.6 gigabyte; and a talk show, 0.6 gigabyte. She downloaded 7 programs totaling 3.6 gigabytes. There were twice as many episodes of the drama as the sitcom.

**a.** Write a system of equations for the number of episodes of each type of show.

**b.** How many episodes of each show did she download?

**Examples 1–2** Solve each system of equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 8. \quad & -5x + y - 4z = 60 \\ & 2x + 4y + 3z = -12 \\ & 6x - 3y - 2z = -52 \end{aligned}$$

**(-8, 4, -4)**

$$\begin{aligned} 11. \quad & 4r + 6s - t = -18 \\ & 3r + 2s - 4t = -24 \\ & -5r + 3s + 2t = 15 \end{aligned}$$

**(-2, -1, 4)**

$$\begin{aligned} 14. \quad & 8x + 3y + 6z = 43 \\ & -3x + 5y + 2z = 32 \\ & 5x - 2y + 5z = 24 \end{aligned}$$

**(-1, 3, 7)**

$$\begin{aligned} 17. \quad & 2x - y + z = 1 \\ & x + 2y - 4z = 3 \\ & 4x + 3y - 7z = -8 \end{aligned}$$

**no solution**

$$\begin{aligned} 9. \quad & 4a + 5b - 6c = 2 \\ & -3a - 2b + 7c = -15 \\ & -a + 4b + 2c = -13 \end{aligned}$$

**(-3, -2, -4)**

$$\begin{aligned} 12. \quad & -2x + 15y + z = 44 \\ & 4x + 3y + 3z = 18 \\ & -3x + 6y - z = 8 \end{aligned}$$

**no solution**

$$\begin{aligned} 15. \quad & -6x - 5y + 4z = 53 \\ & 5x + 3y + 2z = -11 \\ & 8x - 6y + 5z = 4 \end{aligned}$$

**(-4, -1, 6)**

$$\begin{aligned} 18. \quad & x + 2y = 12 \\ & 3y - 4z = 25 \\ & x + 6y + z = 20 \end{aligned}$$

**(6, 3, -4)**

$$\begin{aligned} 10. \quad & -2x + 5y + 3z = -25 \quad \mathbf{(8, -3, 2)} \\ & -4x - 3y - 8z = -39 \\ & 6x + 8y - 5z = 14 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 13. \quad & 4x + 2y + 6z = 13 \quad \mathbf{\text{infinite solutions}} \\ & -12x + 3y - 5z = 8 \\ & -4x + 7y + 7z = 34 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 16. \quad & -9a + 3b - 2c = 61 \\ & 8a + 7b + 5c = -138 \\ & 5a - 5b + 8c = -45 \end{aligned}$$

**(-8, -7, -5)**

$$\begin{aligned} 19. \quad & r - 3s + t = 4 \\ & 3r - 6s + 9t = 5 \\ & 4r - 9s + 10t = 9 \end{aligned}$$

**infinite solutions**

**20b. 7 swimmers placed third, 5 swimmers placed second, and 12 swimmers placed first.**

**Example 3**

20. **CCSS SENSE-MAKING** A friend e-mails you the results of a recent high school swim meet. The e-mail states that 24 individuals placed, earning a combined total of 53 points. First place earned 3 points, second place earned 2 points, and third place earned 1 point. There were as many first-place finishers as second- and third-place finishers combined.

**20c. The statement is false because when you solve for second place, you get a negative as an answer and you cannot have a negative person.**

- Write a system of three equations that represents how many people finished in each place.  $x + y + z = 24$ ,  $3x + 2y + z = 53$ ,  $x = y + z$
- How many swimmers finished in first place, in second place, and in third place?
- Suppose the e-mail had said that the athletes scored a combined total of 47 points. Explain why this statement is false and the solution is unreasonable.

21. **AMUSEMENT PARKS** Nick goes to the amusement park to ride roller coasters, bumper cars, and water slides. The wait for the roller coasters is 1 hour, the wait for the bumper