## **Chapter 3 Sample Test** (continued)

Skip 11 and 12!

For Questions 13-16, use the matrices to find the following.

$$P = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -4 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$Q = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -0.25 \\ 1 & 0.75 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$R = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -5 & 2 \\ 8 & -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

For Questions 13-10, use the matrices to find the following:

$$P = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \qquad Q = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -0.25 \\ 1 & 0.75 \end{vmatrix} \qquad R = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -5 & 2 \\ 8 & -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \qquad S = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \\ -4 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

13. the first row of RS

F [20 -16 9] G [20 24] H [4 4] J not possible

14. the first row of 5P - 4Q

A [15 6] B [15 4] C [19 9] D not possible

$${f J}$$
 not possible

$$\widetilde{\mathbf{B}}[15\ 4]$$

$$\mathbf{F} P$$

$$\mathbf{H} R$$

$$2 - 3 1$$

14. the first row of 
$$5P - 4Q$$

A [15 6] B [15 4] C [19 9] D not possible

15. the inverse of matrix  $Q$ 

F P GS

17. Evaluate  $\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix}$  using diagonals.

F -38 G 94

 $C = \begin{bmatrix} 19 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ 
 $C = \begin{bmatrix} 19 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ 

18. Cramer's Rule is used to solve the system of equations 5f - 9g = 10 and 4f + 3g = -6. Which determinant represents the numerator for f?

$$A \mid_{-6}^{10} \frac{9}{3}$$

$$\mathbf{B} |_{4}^{5} \quad _{3}^{-9}$$

$$|\mathbf{C}|_{4}^{5} = \frac{10}{6}$$





19. Which product would be used to solve the matrix equation 3

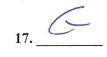
$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} m \\ n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 by using inverse matrices?

$$\mathbf{F} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{G}_{\frac{1}{10}} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 7 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 6 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F}_{1}^{1} \quad \frac{3}{7} |\cdot|_{6}^{2} | \qquad \mathbf{G}_{\frac{1}{10}}^{\frac{1}{10}}|_{-1}^{1} \quad \frac{3}{7} |\cdot|_{6}^{2} | \qquad \mathbf{H}_{\frac{1}{10}}^{\frac{1}{10}}|_{1}^{7} \quad \frac{-3}{1} |\cdot|_{6}^{2} | \qquad \mathbf{J}_{1}^{7} \quad \frac{-3}{1} |\cdot|_{6}^{2} |$$

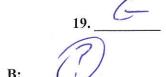
$$J \begin{vmatrix} 7 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{vmatrix}$$



**Bonus** Find the value of  $\begin{vmatrix} -a & b & -c \\ a & -b & c \\ a & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ .



10/3/2/



## **Chapter 3 Sample Test**

SCORE

Write the letter for the correct answer in the blank at the right of each question.

1. The system of equations y = 2x - 3 and y = 4x - 3 has

A exactly one solution.

C infinitely many solutions.

B no solution.

**D** exactly two solutions.



Choose the correct description of each system of equations.

**F** consistent and independent

H consistent and dependent

**2.** 
$$x + 2y = 7$$
  $3x - 2y = 5$ 

3. 
$$2x + 3y = 10$$

$$4x + 6y = 20$$



**4.** The first equation of the system is multiplied by 2. By what number would you multiply the second

6x - 5y = 214x + 7y = 15

equation to eliminate the x variable by adding?

 $\mathbf{D}$  -2



 $\mathbf{A}$  3

 $\mathbf{B} - 3$ 

**C** 2

$$2x + 5y = 16$$
$$8x - 4y = 10$$

**5.** The first equation of the system is multiplied by 4. By what number would you multiply the second equation to eliminate the  $\gamma$  variable by adding?

F 5

G-5

 $H_2$ 



**6.** Which system of equations is graphed?

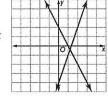
$$\mathbf{A} \, 2x + y = 2 \qquad \forall z - 2x - 7$$

$$C 2x + y = 2$$

$$3x - y = 4 - 7$$

$$-y=4$$







7. Which system of inequalities is graphed?

$$\mathbf{F} \ 2x + y \ge 5$$

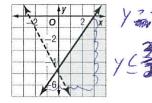
$$\mathbf{H} 2x - \mathbf{v}$$

$$3x + 2y \le 9$$
  
**G**  $2x + y > -5$ 

 $3x - 2y \ge 9$ 

H 
$$2x - y \le 5$$
  
 $2y = 3x + 2y < 9$   
J  $-2x + y > 5$ 

$$-2x + y > 5$$





For Questions 8-10, use the system of inequalities  $y \ge 1$ ,  $y - x \le 6$ , and  $x + 2y \le 6$ .

8. Find the coordinates of the vertices of the feasible region.

$$C(-5, 1), (-2, 4), (4, 1)$$

$$\mathbf{B}(0,1), (0,3), (4,1)$$

**9.** Find the minimum value of f(x, y) = 2x + y for the feasible region.

$$F - 10$$

$$\mathbf{G}$$
 0

$$H-9$$

$$J-4$$

10. Find the maximum value of f(x, y) = 2x + y for the feasible region.

- $\mathbf{A} 0$
- $\mathbf{B}$  11
- C 9

6-4+4-0 f(-51) =-10+1=-9 f(4,1)=8+1=9 x + x 7 - x x o x x o x x o x x o x 75/ (A)( 1/2-)