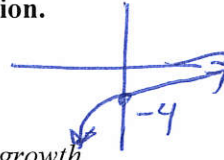


Chapter 7 Practice Test

SCORE _____

Write the letter for the correct answer in the blank at the right of each question.

1. Find the domain and range of the function $y = -4\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x$



2. Create two exponential equations, where one function represents exponential growth while the other equation represent exponential decay.

1. D: R
R: $y < 0$

3. Use the equation of the exponential function whose graph passes through the points (0, 4) and (1, 24) to find the value of y when $x = -2$.

2. $y = 3^x$
 $y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

4. Solve $8^{x+2} = 32^{2x+4}$.

$y = a \cdot b^x$ $a = 4$ $y = 4 \cdot b^x$ $y = 4 \cdot 6^x$
 $4 = 4 \cdot b^0$ $24 = 4b^1$ $y = 4 \cdot 6^{-2}$
 $b = 6$ $y = \frac{4}{36} = \frac{1}{9}$

3. $\frac{1}{9}$

5. Solve $\left(\frac{1}{216}\right)^n = 6^{n+4}$.

4. $x = -2$

6. Solve $32^x < 16^{x+2}$.

$(6^{-3})^n = 6^{n+4}$ $\{-3n = n+4\}$ $-4n = 4$
 $(2)^{5x} < (2^4)^{x+2}$ $\{5x = 4x+8\}$ $x = 8$

5. $n = -1$

7. Write the equation $2401^{\frac{1}{4}} = 7$ in logarithmic form.

6. $x = 8$

8. Evaluate $6^{\log_6 45}$.

$\log_{2401} 7 = \frac{1}{4}$
 $\log_{2401} 7 = \frac{1}{4}$
 $\log_{2401} 7 = \frac{1}{4}$

7. ~~_____~~

9. Solve $\log_{\frac{1}{6}} x = -2$.

$\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{-2} = x$

8. 45

10. $\log_5(8x) > \log_5(3x + 10)$.

$8x > 0$ $x > 0$
 $3x + 10 > 0$ $x > -\frac{10}{3}$
 $8x > 3x + 10$
 $5x > 10$
 $x > 2$

9. $x = 36$

10. $x > 2$

Chapter 7 Practice Test (continued)

11. Use $\log_5 2 \approx 0.4307$ and $\log_5 3 \approx 0.6826$ to approximate the value of $\log_5 48$

$$\log(48) = \log(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3) = \log(2^4 \cdot 3) = \log 2^4 + \log 3$$

$$= 4 \log 2 + \log 3$$

$$= 4(0.4307) + (0.6826)$$

11. 2.4054

12. Solve $\log_2(2x^2 + 7x) + \log_2 x = 3$.

$$\log_2(2x^2 + 7x) = 3 \rightarrow 2x^2 + 7x = 8$$

$$2x^2 + 7x - 8 = 0$$

$$(2x+1)(x-4) = 0$$

$$= 4(0.4307) + (0.6826)$$

12. $x = -\frac{1}{2}, 4$

13. Solve $6^{n-2} = 50$. Round to the nearest ten-thousandth.

$$\log 6^{n-2} = \log 50$$

$$(n-2) \log 6 = \log 50$$

$$n-2 = \frac{\log 50}{\log 6}$$

$$n = \frac{\log 50}{\log 6} + 2$$

13. ≈ 4.1832

14. Solve $4^{3x+1} < 28$. Round to the nearest ten-thousandth.

$$3x+1 < \log 28 \approx 1.447$$

$$3x < 0.447$$

$$x < \frac{0.447}{3} \approx 0.149$$

14. ≈ 0.4678

15. Use common logarithms to approximate $\log_9 207$ to four decimal places.

$$\frac{\log 207}{\log 9} = \frac{1.4314}{0.9542} \approx 1.500$$

15. ≈ 1.500

16. Suppose you deposit \$3000 in an account paying 2% annual interest, compounded continuously. Use $A = pe^{rt}$ to find the balance after 5 years.

$$A = 3000e^{(0.02)(5)}$$

16. 3315.512

17. Solve $4 + 3e^{5x} = 28$.

$$3e^{5x} = 24 \rightarrow e^{5x} = 8$$

$$5x = \ln 8$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 8}{5}$$

17. ≈ 0.4159

18. Solve $\ln(x+5) \geq 2$.

$$x+5 \geq e^2$$

$$x \geq e^2 - 5$$

$$x \geq 2.38$$

18. $x \geq 2.38$

19. **CHEMISTRY** A particular compound decays according to the equation $y = ae^{-0.0825t}$, where t is in days. Find the half-life of this compound.

$$\frac{1}{2}a = ae^{-0.0825t}$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = -0.0825t$$

$$-0.69 = -0.0825t$$

$$t = \frac{0.69}{0.0825} \approx 8.401$$

19. ≈ 8.401

20. **ANTIQUITY** At a town with an annual Magic tournament, the cost of a beta starter deck has increased 6.2% annually. If the average beta starter deck cost \$19.00 in 1992 and this growth continues, what will an average hotel room cost in 2017? Use $y = a(1+r)^t$ and round to the nearest cent.

$$y = 19(1+0.062)^{25}$$

$$y = 19(1.062)^{25}$$

20. ≈ 85.48

Bonus Solve a really cool problem ?

B: 